2017 Echo Florida | Orlando, FL

October 10, 2017 | 9:40 - 10:00 PM | 20 min

Left Atrial Appendage Closure Devices

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Director of Noninvasive Cardiology | Echo Lab
Associate Professor of Medicine



Disclosures

Speakers Bureau (Philips, Medtronic) Advisory Board (Siemens)

Use of experimental devices in approved clinical trials will be discussed

Upcoming JASE Issue



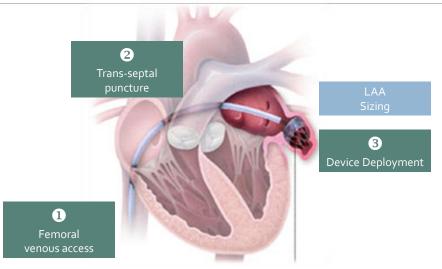
Left Atrial Appendage Occlusion/Exclusion: Procedural Image Guidance with Transesophageal Echocardiography (TEE)

*Alan F. Vainrib, MD; ^Serge C. Harb, MD; ^Wael Jaber, MD; *Ricardo J Benenstein MD; *Anthony Aizer MD; *Larry A Chinitz, MD; *Muhamed Saric, MD, PhD

From

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Percutaneous LAA Occlusion: Procedural Steps



Percutaneous LAA Closure Devices



ENDOCARDIALLAA EXCLUSION



EPICARDIALLAA EXCLUSION

Percutaneous LAA Closure Devices



Karl Eugen Hauptmann



Eberhard Grube



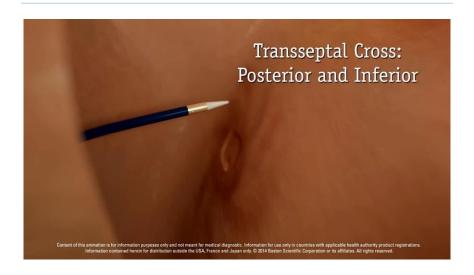
Kurt Amplatz

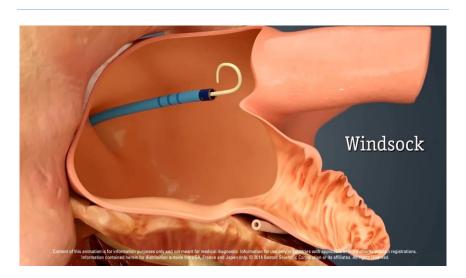


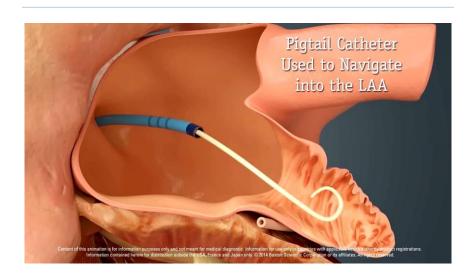
William E. Cohn

WATCHMANFirst to implant a Watchman device in 2002 in Germany

AMULET Inventor of Amplatzer family of devices LARIAT
Inventor of Lariat device
at Texas Heart Institute



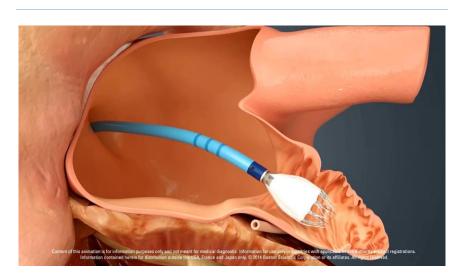


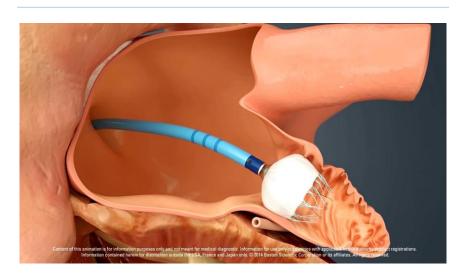


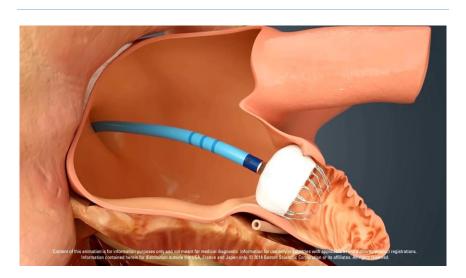
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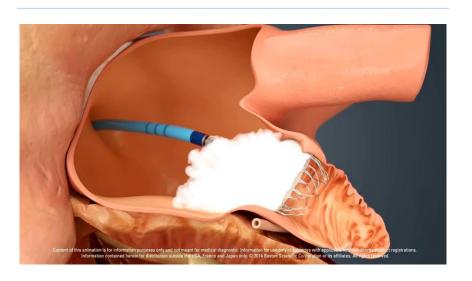




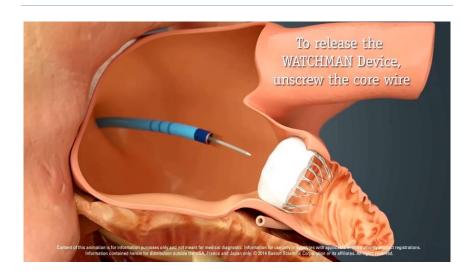








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WATCHMAN PROCEDURE



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IMAGING OF LAA DEVICE CLOSURE PROCEDURE

Real-time complementary & collaborative use of fluoroscopy + transesophageal echocardiography

LAA DEVICE CLOSURE PROCEDURE: ROAD MAP

- 1. Left atrial appendage (LAA) sizing
- 2. Trans-septal puncture
- 3. Device deployment in LAA

Step #1

- LAA Sizing
- Demonstration of exclusion criteria

LAA Sizing: Endocardial Devices



Sizing based on LAA diameter and depth.



Anatomic orifice diameter

Sizing orifice diameter

Watchman Device Sizes

Watchman comes in 5 dimeter sizes, with 3-mm diameter increments.





24 mm

Watchman Device Sizing

STEP #1

Measure LAA diameter at TEE angles o, 45, 90 & 135°

STEP #2

Select the largest LAA diameter measured.

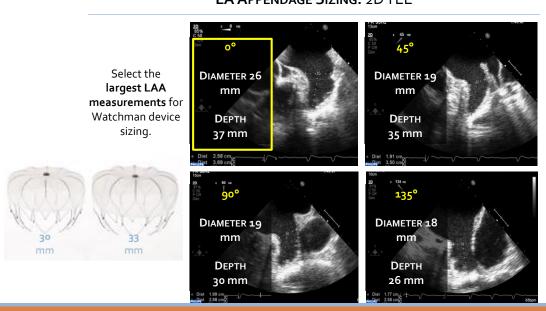
STEP #3

Use a lookup table to select appropriately **oversized device**.



LAA Diameter	Device Diameter	Device Compression
17-19	21	16.8-19.3
20-22	24	19.2-22.1
23-25	27	21.6-24.8
26-28	30	24.0-27.6
29-31	33	26.4-30.4

LA APPENDAGE SIZING: 2D TEE



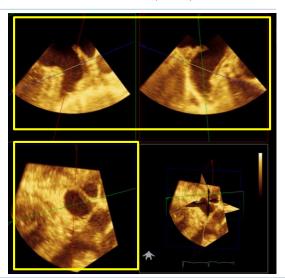
LA APPENDAGE SIZING3D TEE | MULTIPLANE RECONSTRUCTION (MPR)

LONG AXES

MPR assures measuring LAA diameter at same level in all long-axis views.

SHORT AXIS

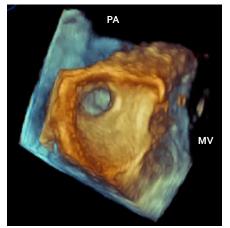
MPR allows for visualization of **LAA orifice shape** in short-axis views.



LAA on 3D TEE: 'NYU Twirl'



LA Appendage Sizing on 3D TEE

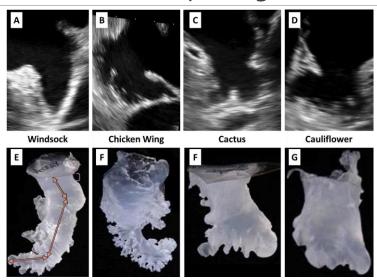


Dynamic **change in size & shape of LAA orifice** during the cardiac cycle.



Direct on-image LAA diameter measurements may **NOT** be precise.

LAA Morphologies



Watchman

FDA Indication for Watchman LAA Occluder

The WATCHMAN Device is indicated to reduce the risk of thromboembolism from the left atrial appendage in patients:

- ▶ With non-valvular AF who are at increased risk for stroke and systemic embolism based on CHADS2 or CHA2DS2-VASc
- scores; Are deemed by their physicians to be suitable for warfarin; and
- ► Have an appropriate rationale to seek a non-pharmacologic alternative to warfarin

Watchman Device Sizes

- Watchman comes in 5 different sizes, 3 mm apart
 Size is based on the device diameter
- Size is based on the device diameter Available sizes 21, 24, 27, 30, 33 mm
- Available sizes 21, 24, 27, 30, 33 mm
 Implanted Watchman should be appropriately oversized for a given LAA diameter

LAA Anatomic Exclusion Criteria

► Largest LAA orifice diameter < 16.8 mm OR > 30.4 mm

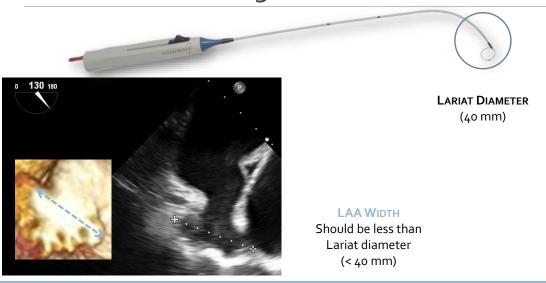
That is, the largest LAA orifice size cannot be smaller the smallest diameter required for the 21-mm Watchman and cannot be larger than the largest diameter required for the 33-mm Watchman

LAA diameter and depth are measured on TEE at 0, 45, 90 and 135 degrees. The largest diameter and depth obtained from these 4 angles is then used. At 0 degrees, measure from left coronary artery to 2 cm from tip of LAA coumadin ridge. At other angles from top of MV annulus to 2 cm from tip of LAA coumadin ridge.

- ► LAA depth < Largest LAA orifice diameter That is, a patient's LAA cannot be too shallow
- The depth of the secondary LAA lobe (if present) from the LAA orifice plane < 1 cm That is, the secondary lobe cannot be too close to the LAA orifice.
- Presence of intracardiac thrombus or LAA dense smoke

saric.us/echonomy

LAA Sizing: Lariat Device



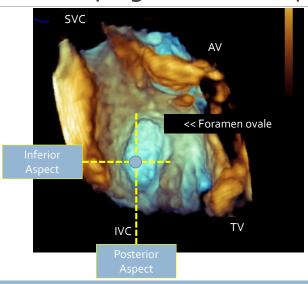
Step #2

Transseptal puncture

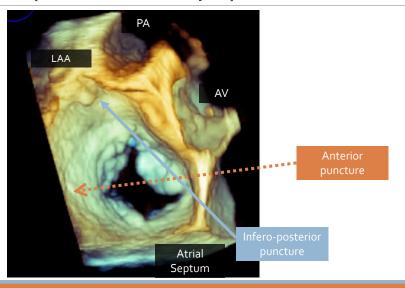
Trans-septal Puncture

TEE provides guidance for trans-septal puncture in the **posterior** & **inferior** aspect of the interatrial septum.

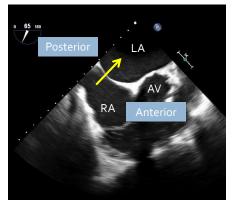
Fossa Ovalis | Right Atrial Perspective

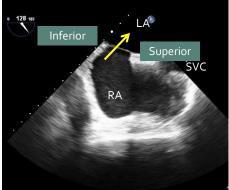


Trans-septal Puncture | Optimal Location



Trans-septal Puncture | Optimal Location

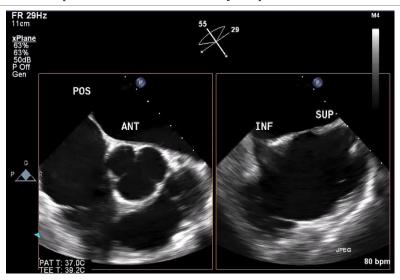




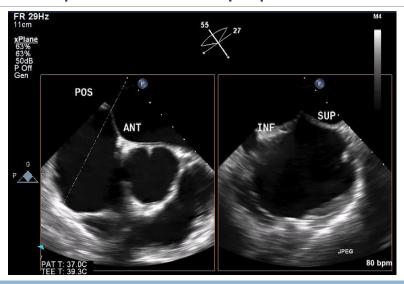
TEE | AV SHORT AXIS

TEE | BICAVAL VIEW

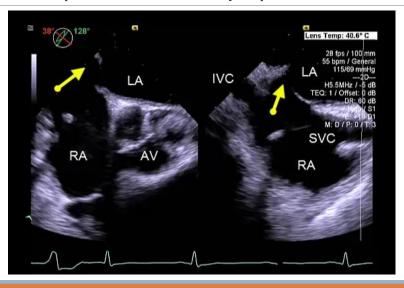
Trans-septal Puncture | Optimal Location



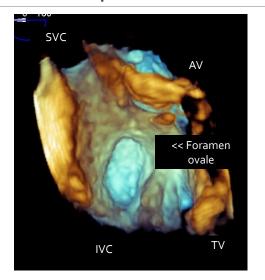
Trans-septal Puncture | Optimal Location

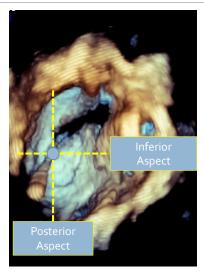


Trans-septal Puncture | Optimal Location



Trans-septal Puncture | Optimal Location





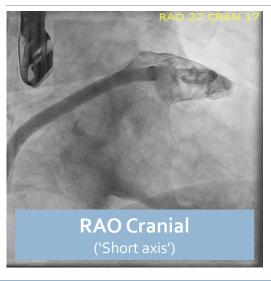
Step #3

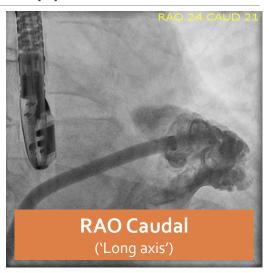
LAA Occluder Device Deployment

LAA Occluder Device Deployment

Complementary roles of **echocardiography** and **fluoroscopy** during device deployment.

LAA Fluoroscopy View

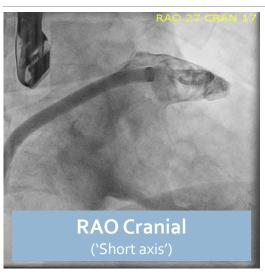




Equivalent Views

What TEE views are equivalent to fluoroscopic RAO views?

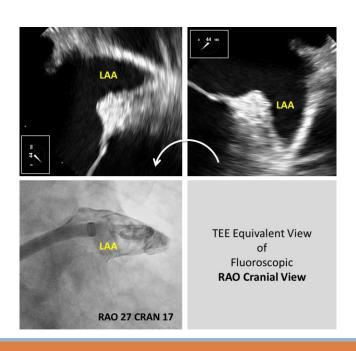
Fluoroscopy vs. TEE





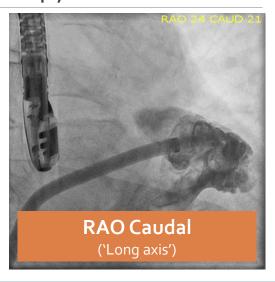
Fluoroscopy vs. TEE

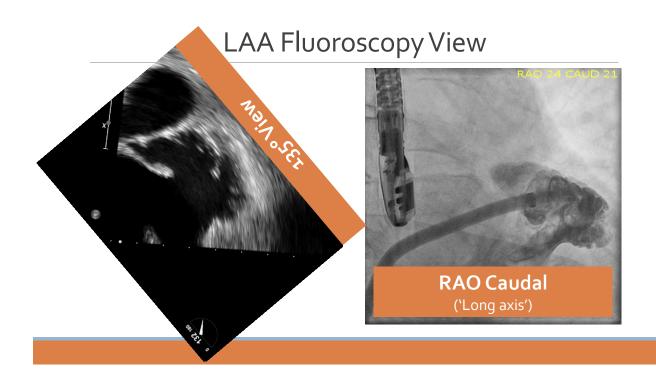




LAA Fluoroscopy View







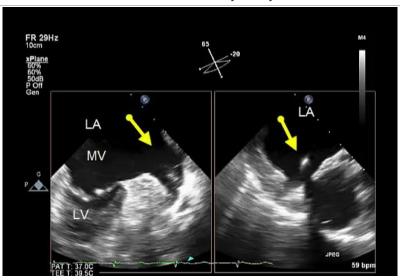


TEE vs. Fluoroscopy



Watchman

Watchman Deployment



Watchman Deployment

While the Watchman is still attached to its delivery cable, perform the PASS check.

PASS Check

Position
Anchoring
Size
Seal



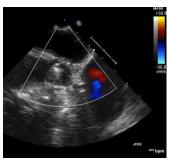
POSITION
Properly positioned; no tilt



ANCHORING Tug Test

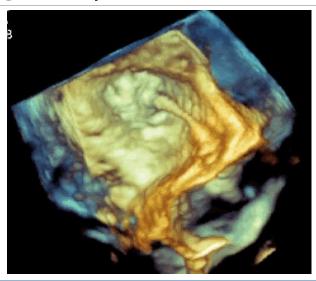


SIZE 15-30% Compression

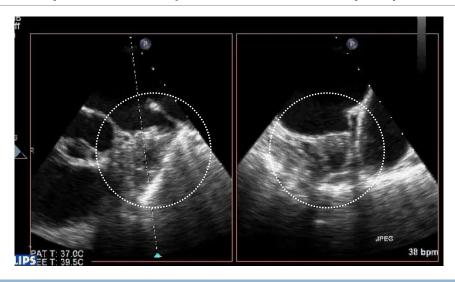


SEAL No para-device leak

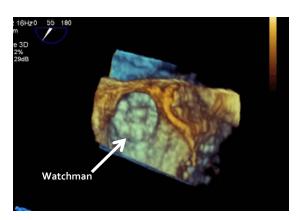
3D TEE | Watchman Release

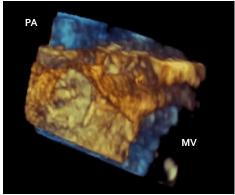


Biplane TEE | Watchman Deployed



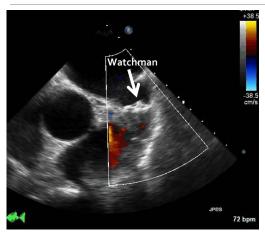
Biplane TEE | Watchman Deployed

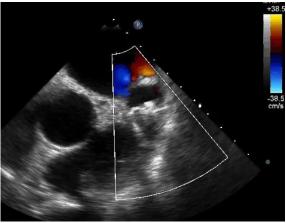




Properly placed Watchman device at the orifice of the LA appendage

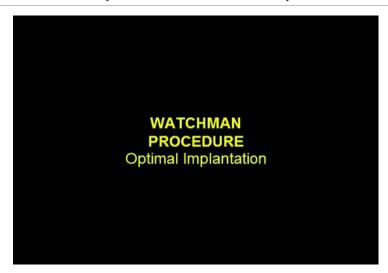
TEE | Watchman Deployed





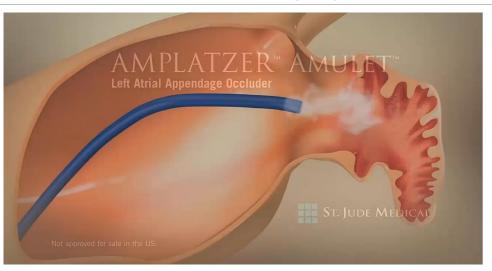
Watchman device properly seals the LAA orifice (No color flow around the device)

Watchman: Optimal vs. Suboptimal Results



Amplatzer Amulet

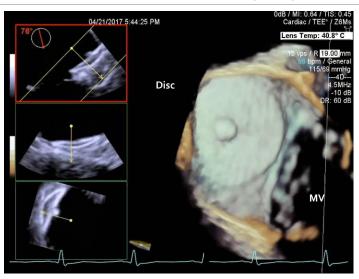
Amulet Device Deployment



3D TEE | Amulet Deployed



3D TEE | Amulet Deployed



Lariat



STATE-OF-THE-ART REVIEW ARTICLE

The Role of Multimodality Imaging in Percutaneous Left Atrial Appendage Suture Ligation with the LARIAT Device

Diana M. Laura, BA, Larry A. Chinitz, MD, Anthony Aizer, MD, MSc, Douglas S. Holmes, MD, Ricardo Benenstein, MD, Robin S. Freedberg, MD, Eugene E. Kim, MD, and Muhamed Saric, MD, PhD, New Tork, New Tork, New Tork, New Tork

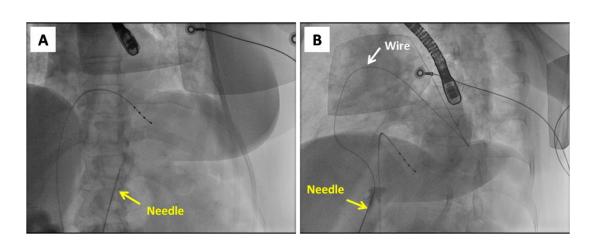
J Am Soc Echocardiogr. 2014 Jul;27(7):699-708.



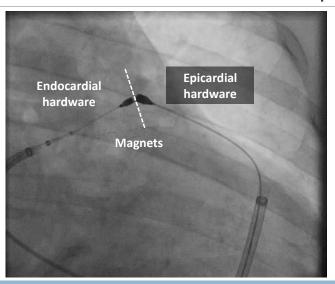
Lariat Procedure



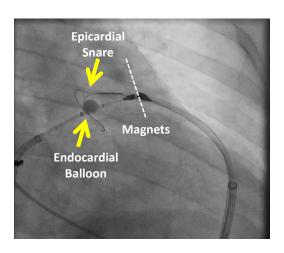
LARIAT Procedure: Pericardial Access



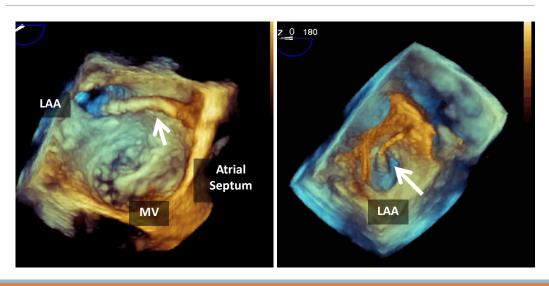
LARIAT Procedure: Fluoroscopy



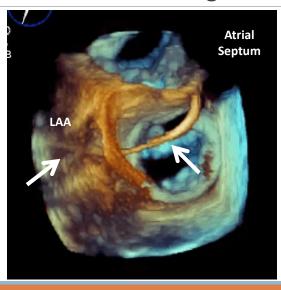
LARIAT Procedure: Fluoroscopy



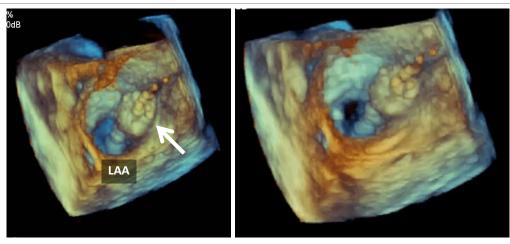
Lariat Procedure: 3D TEE



Lariat Procedure: 3D TEE

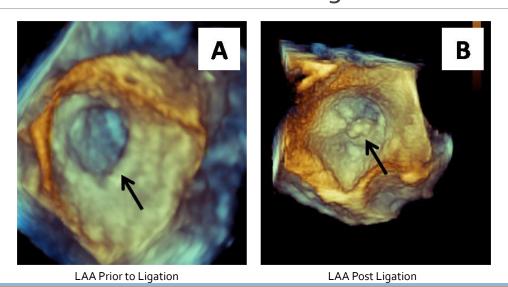


Lariat Procedure: 3D TEE



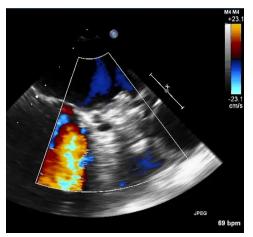
Balloon inflation at LAA orifice

LARIAT Procedure: 3D TEE



LARIAT Procedure: Ligated LAA

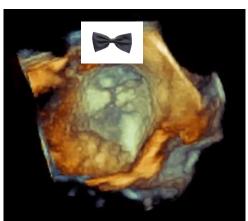




LARIAT Procedure: 3D TEE







Thank You!



New York University Langone Medical Center