

3D Echo: Acquisition, cropping and display



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No Disclosures



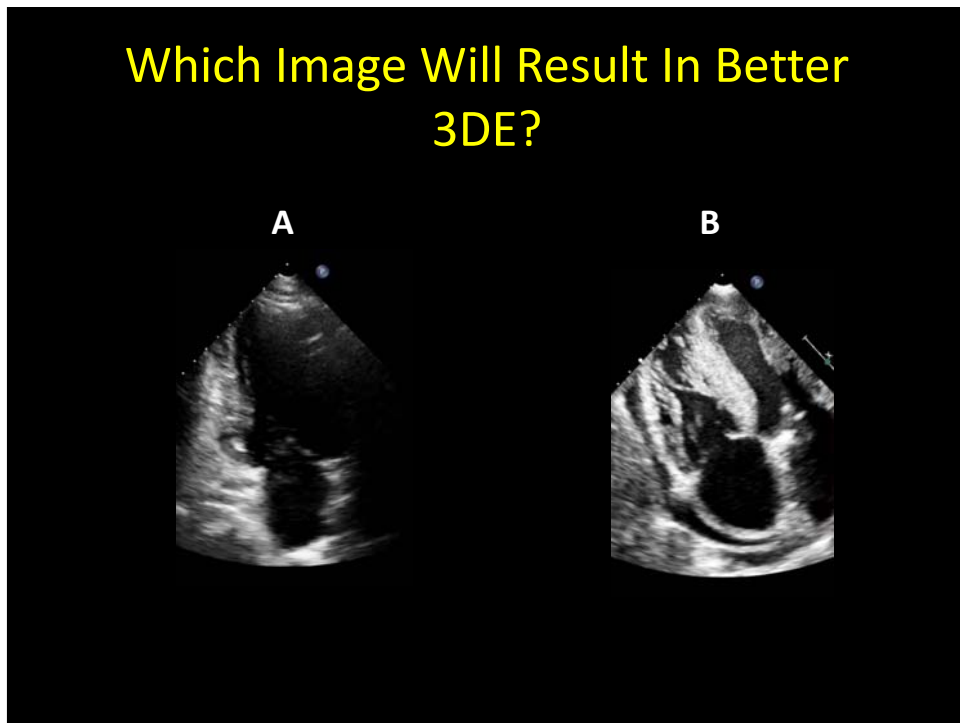
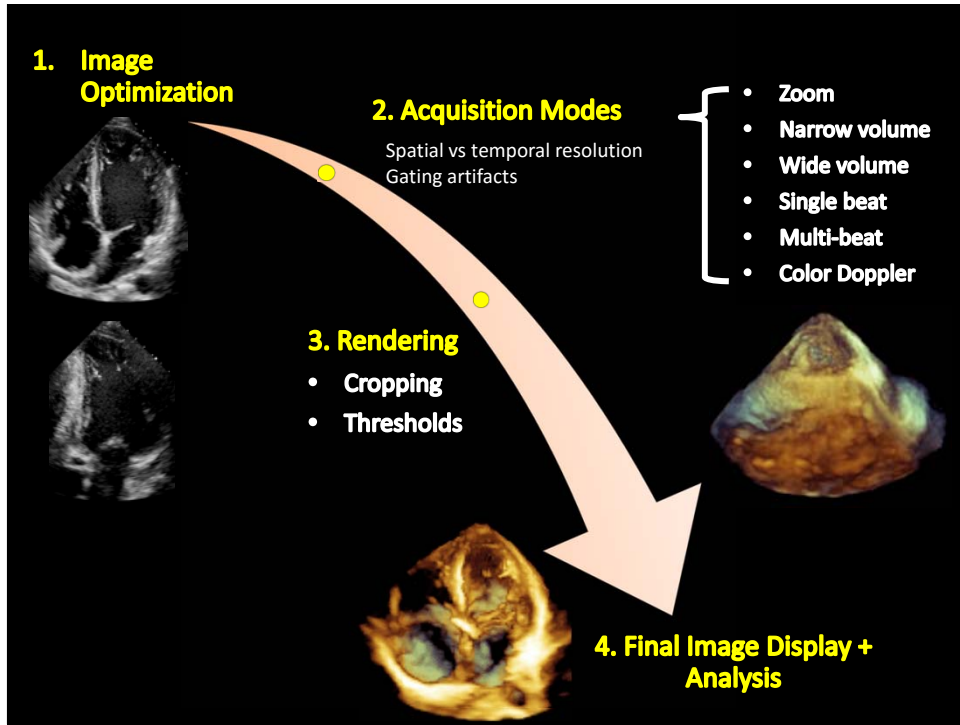
ASE American Society of
Echocardiography
Heart & Circulation Ultrasound Specialists

GUIDELINES AND STANDARDS

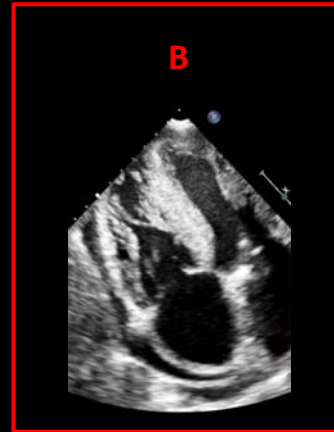
EAE/ASE Recommendations for Image Acquisition and Display Using Three-Dimensional Echocardiography

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Cleveland, Ohio; Houston, Texas; London, United Kingdom; Rochester, Minnesota; Charleston, South Carolina;
New Haven, Connecticut; Morrisville, North Carolina*

(J Am Soc Echocardiogr 2012;25:3-46.)

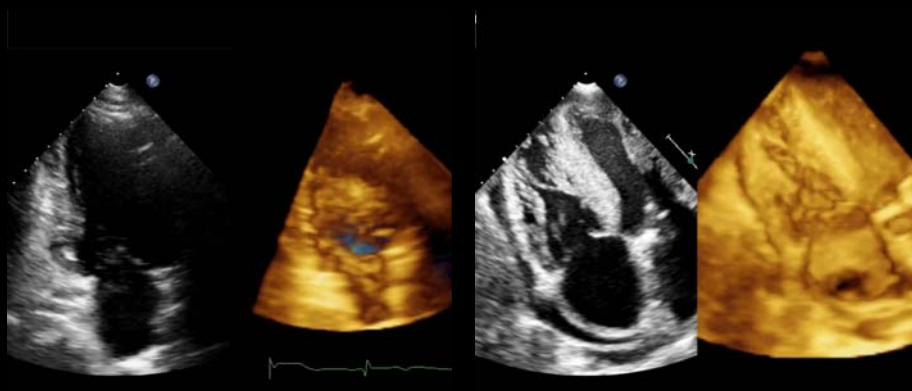


Which Image Will Result In Better 3DE?

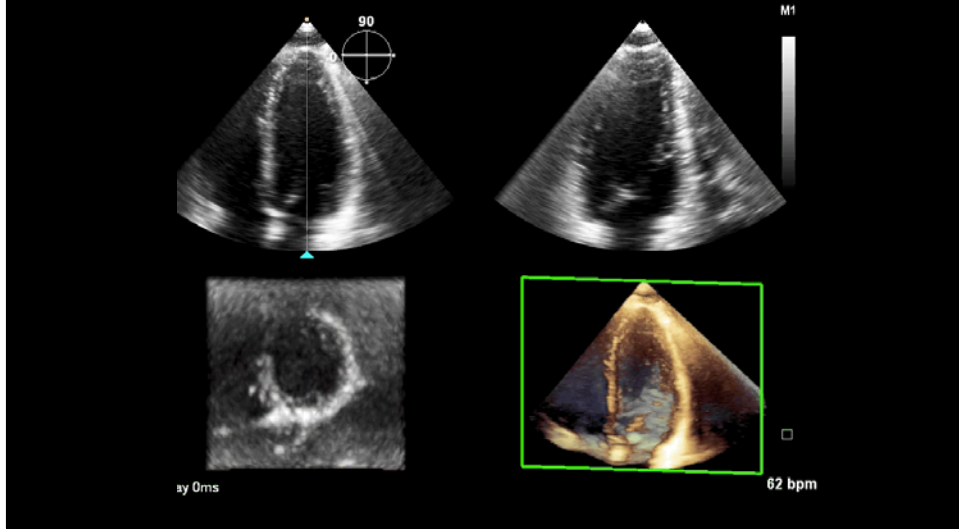


Acquisition: 2D Image Quality

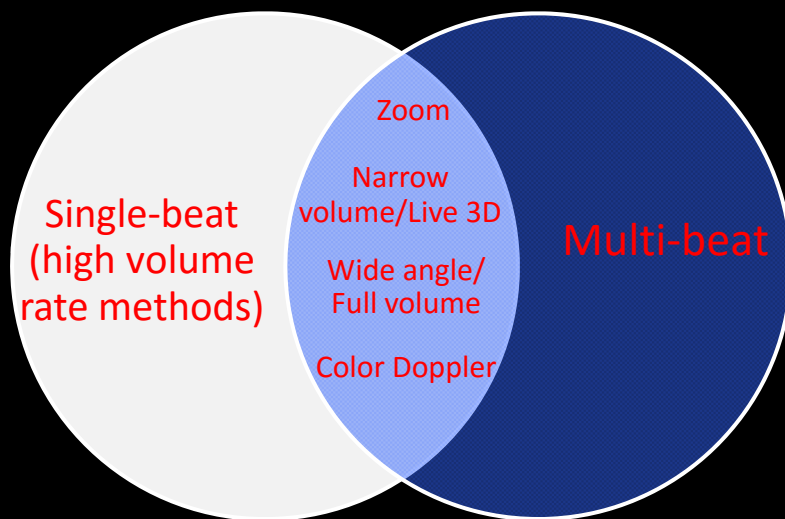
- Before 3DE acquisition, the 2D image should be optimized
 - Poor 2D images, poor 3D images

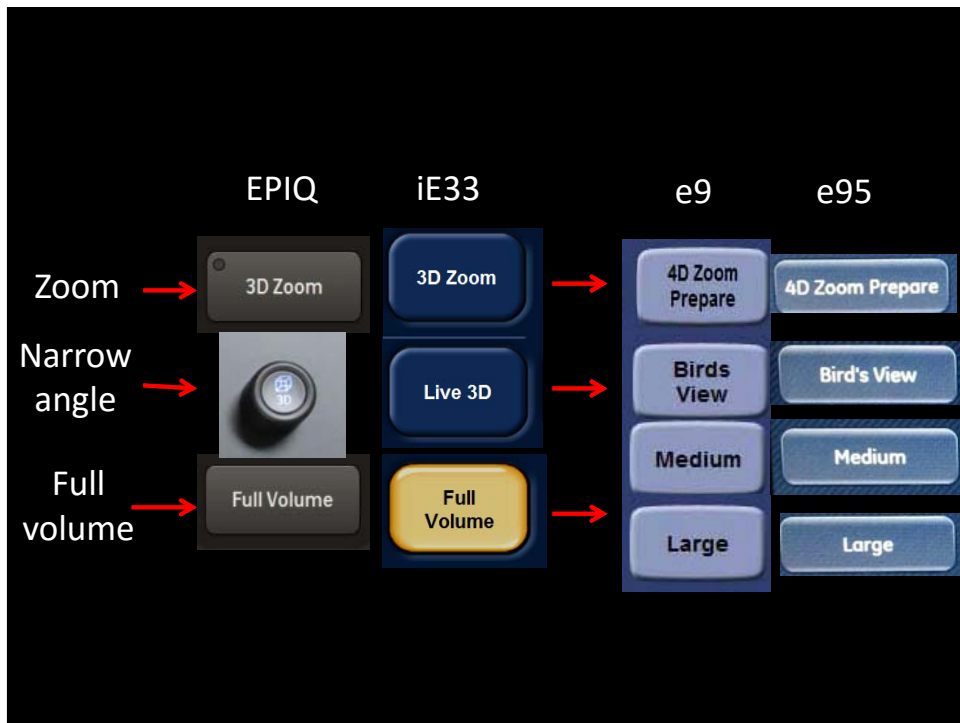
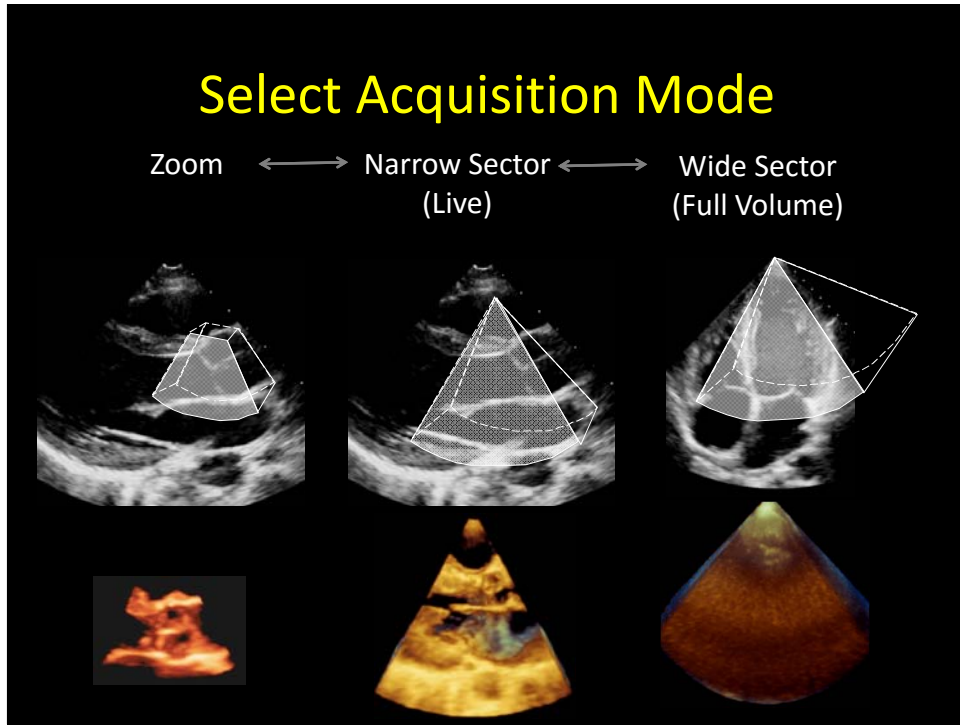


Acquisition: Image Optimization Biplane Imaging/Multi-View

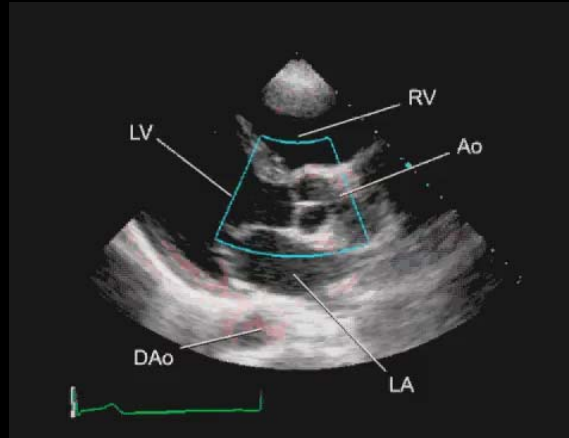
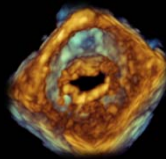
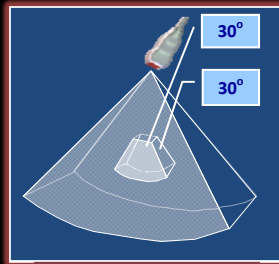


Modes of Acquisition



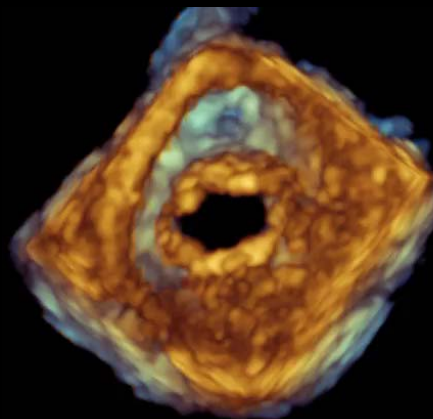


Zoom Mode

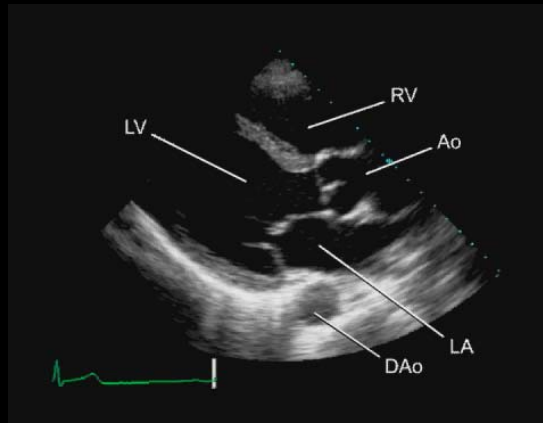
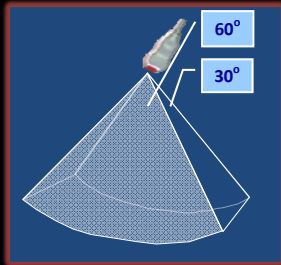


Zoom Mode

- Indications:
 - Valves
 - ASD
 - VSD
 - small, fast moving structures
- Beware of losing spatial orientation

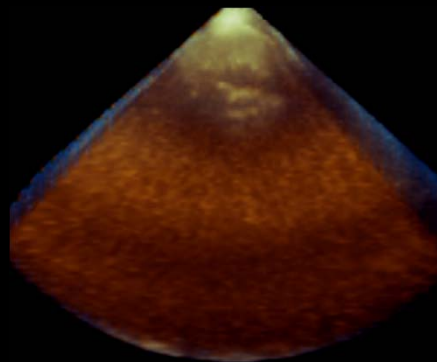
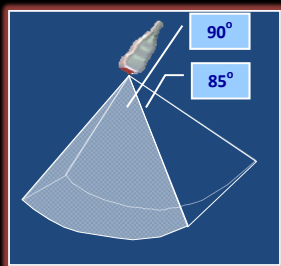


Narrow Volume



- Useful for procedures

Wide Angle

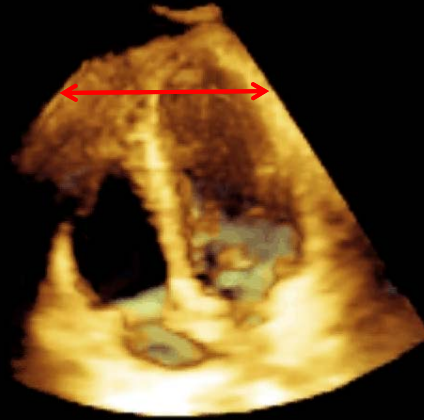


Pyramidal size

4- Beat, 30 Hz



4- Beat, 20 Hz



What size to choose?

Narrow angle/Zoomed

- Valves
- Inter-atrial septum
- Inter-ventricular septum

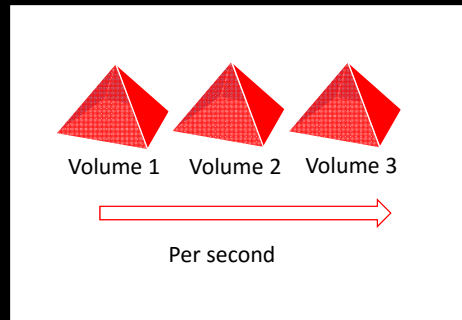
Wide angle

- LV
- RV
- Whole heart

Single or Multi-beat?

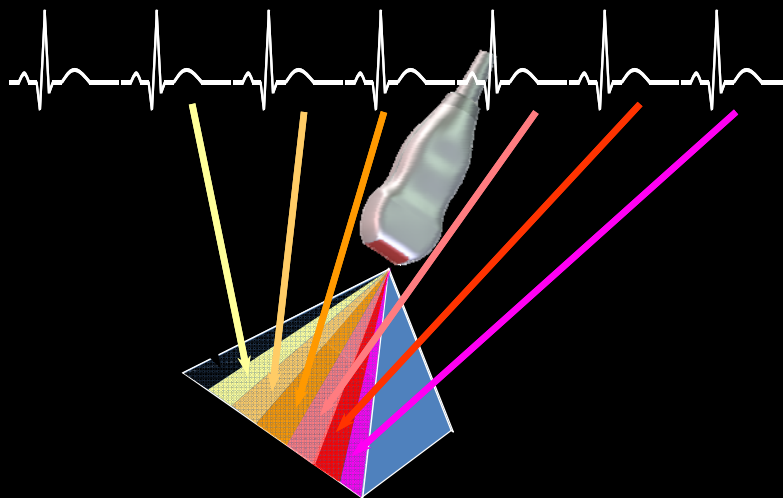
Single-beat acquisition

- acquisition of multiple pyramidal data sets per second in a single heartbeat

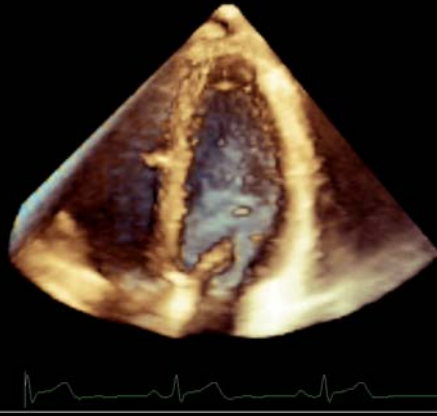


Single or Multi-beat?

ECG-triggered multiple-beat acquisition



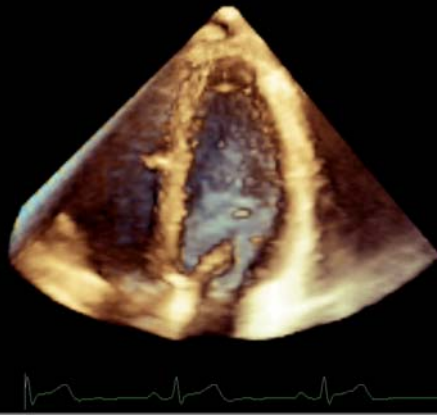
What is the Problem?



- a) Nothing
- b) Low frame rate
- c) Stitch artifact
- d) LV is not centered

What is the Problem?

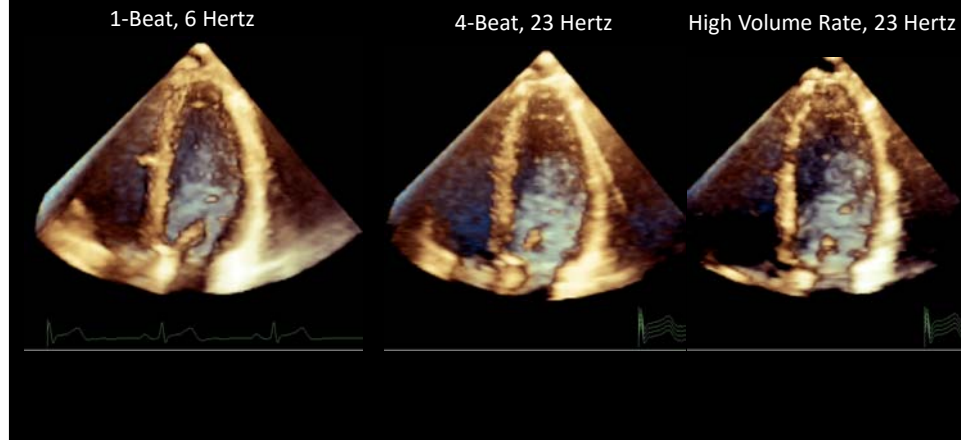
6 Hertz



- a) Nothing
- b) Low frame rate
- c) Stitch artifact
- d) LV is not centered

Solution

- Multi-beat or high volume rate mode



Single or Multi-beat?

Single Beat

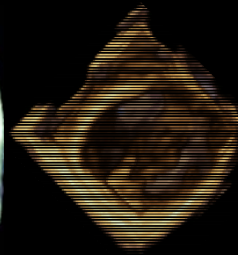
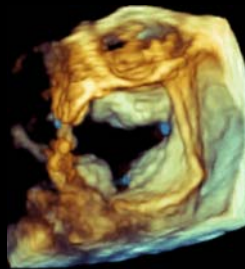
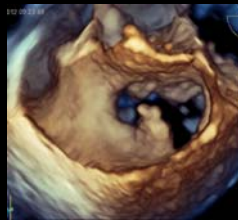
- Advantage
 - Overcomes limitations from rhythm disturbances and respiratory motion
- Disadvantage
 - Limited by poor temporal resolution

Multi-beat

- Advantage
 - Images with higher temporal resolution
- Disadvantage
 - Gated images are susceptible to artifacts from respiratory motion or cardiac arrhythmias

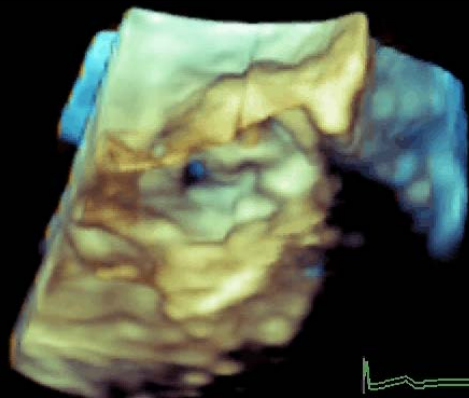
Vendor Dependent

	GE	Philips	Siemens
Single Beat	X	X	X (High Volume)
Multi-beat	X	X	
High Volume		X	



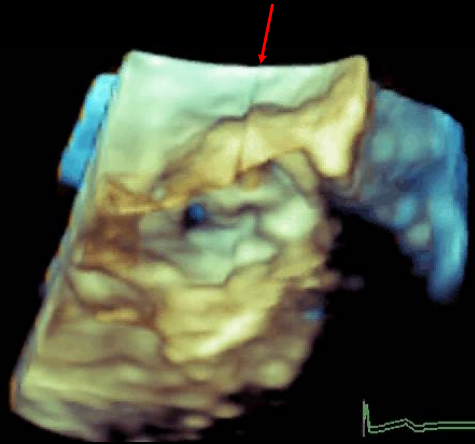
Courtesy Drs Muraru and Badano

What is the Problem?



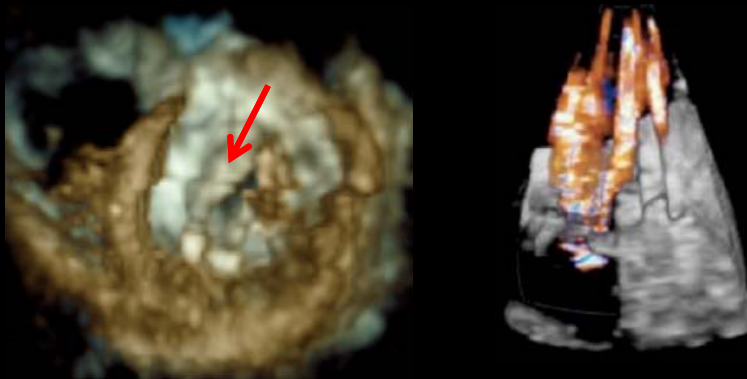
- a) Too bright
- b) Too zoomed
- c) Stitch artifact
- d) Nothing, it's perfect

What is the Problem?



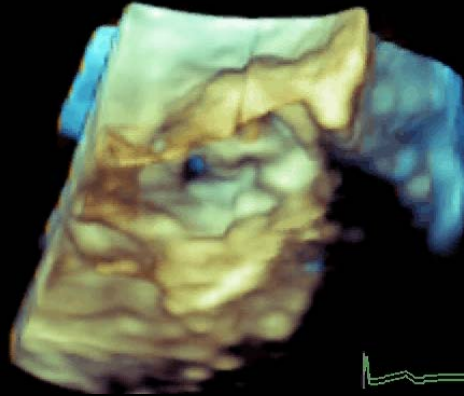
- a) Too bright
- b) Too zoomed
- c) **Stitch artifact**
- d) Nothing, it's perfect

Stitch Artifact



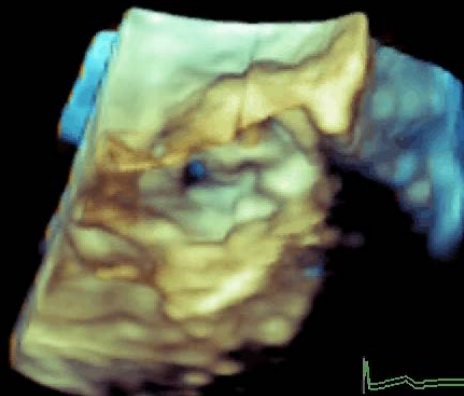
- MUST examine the imaging planes perpendicular to the sweep plane
 - Apical 4-chamber acquisition → check SAX/side

What Can Cause This Problem?



- a) Motion
- b) Arrhythmia
- c) Early acquisition in multi-beat mode
- d) a and b

What Can Cause This Problem?



- a) Motion
- b) Arrhythmia
- c) Early acquisition in multi-beat mode
- d) a and b

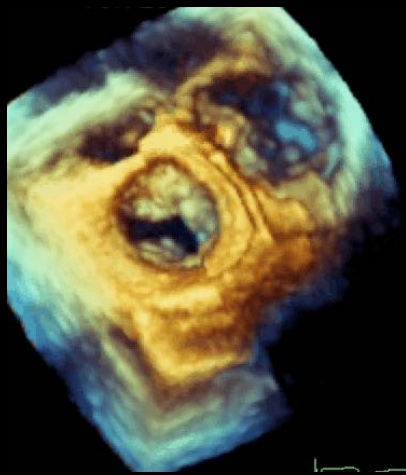
Solutions



Problem	Solution*
Motion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stabilize probe • Breath Hold • Single beat acquisition
Arrhythmia	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retrospective acquisition setting using freeze/cine play/trim • Single beat/high volume rate acquisition

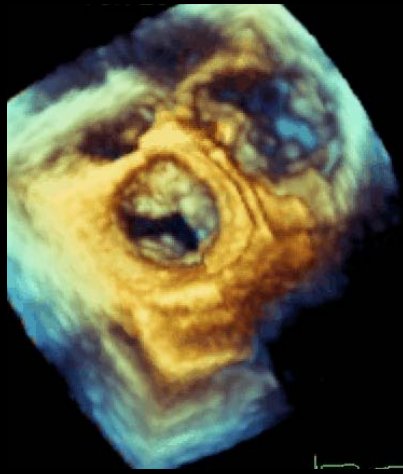
*Always check ECG

Why Do We Have This Problem?



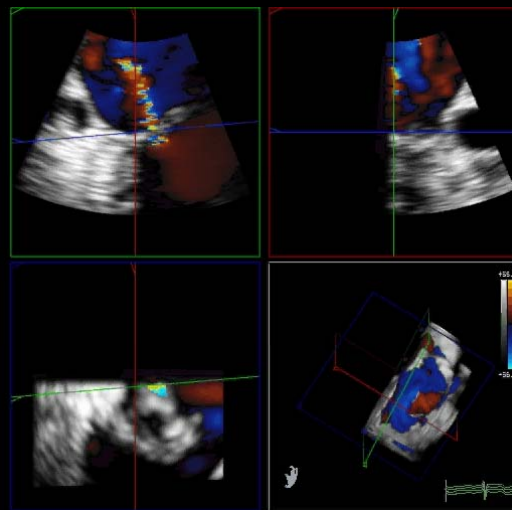
- Motion
- Arrhythmia
- Early acquisition in multi-beat mode
- I still don't think we have a problem

Why Do We Have This Problem?





- a) Motion
- b) Arrhythmia
- c) Early acquisition in multi-beat mode
- d) I still don't think we have a problem

Solution: Acquire on Multiplane View



Select Density

Mode of Acquisition	High Density	Medium Density	Low Density
			
Narrow angle	46° x 23°	58° x 29°	N/A
3D Zoom	30° x 30°	38° x 38°	45° x 45°
Multi-beat	62° x 56°	78° x 70°	93° x 84°
3D Color	28° x 28°	35° x 35°	42° x 42°

Density: Determines volume resolution and size

3DE color Doppler

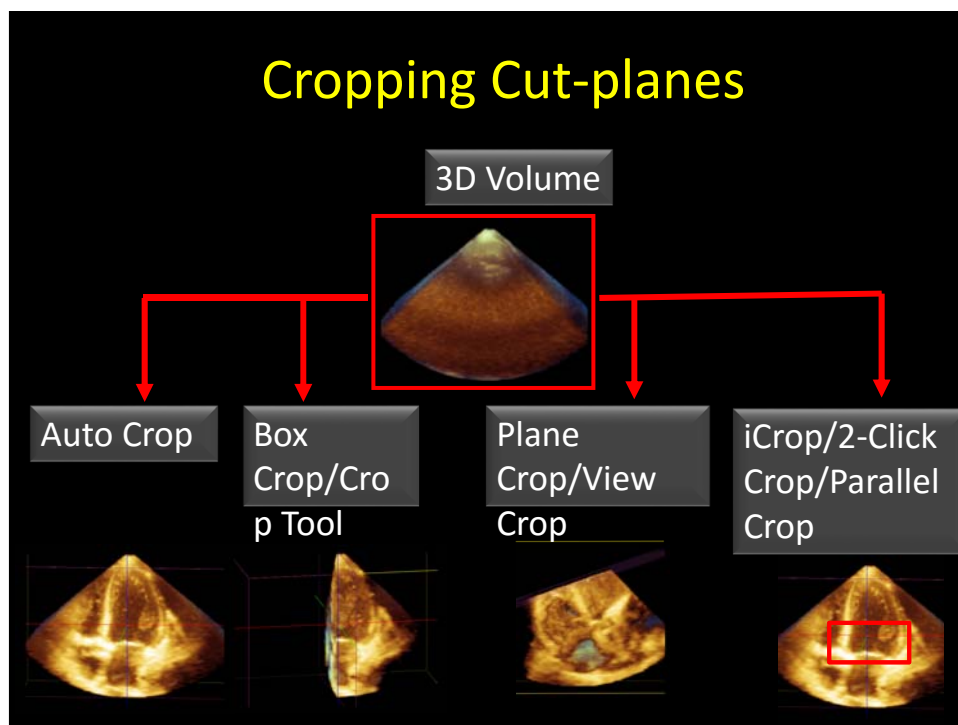
Can be
obtained with
single beat or
multi-beat



Cropping

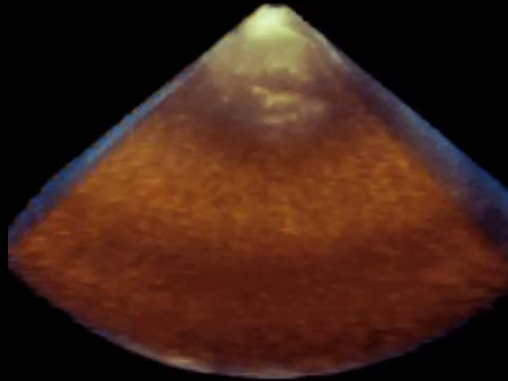
- Can be performed before or after data acquisition
- Before acquisition allows better temporal and spatial resolution
- However if cropped image is stored, image may not be amenable to 'uncropping'
- Wide data set can be acquired and then cropped, retains information but at expense of spatial and temporal resolution

Cropping Cut-planes



Cut-Planes

- **Box Crop**
 - Auto Crop
 - Box Crop/Crop Tool

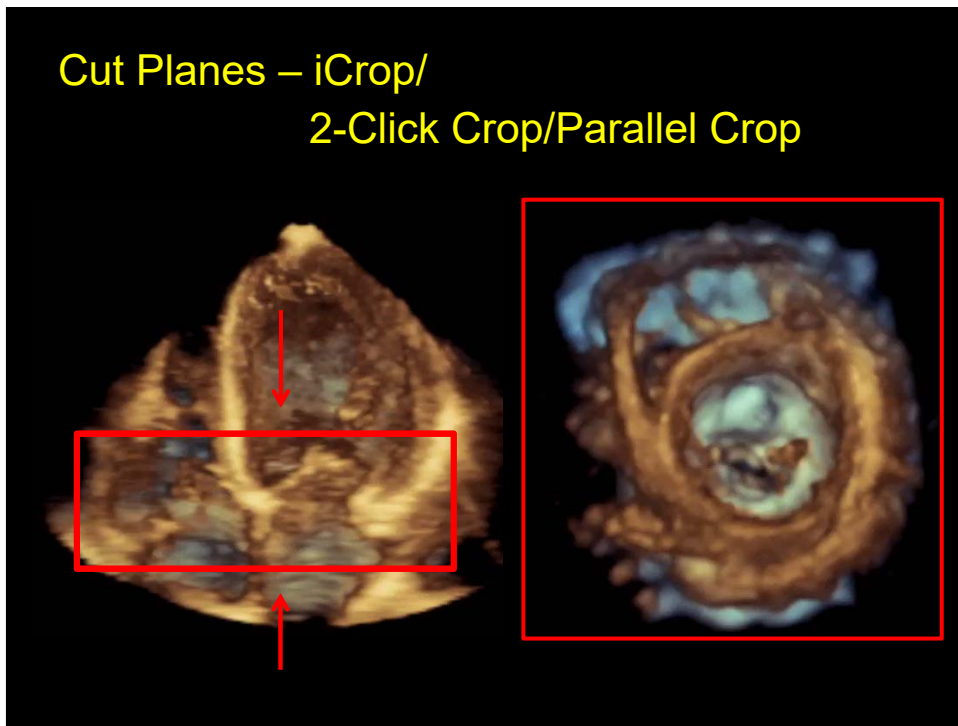


Cut-Planes

- **Arbitrary Crop (Plane/View Crop)**



Cut Planes – iCrop/ 2-Click Crop/Parallel Crop



GE e9 (e95)

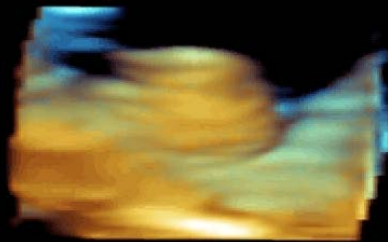


What is the Problem?



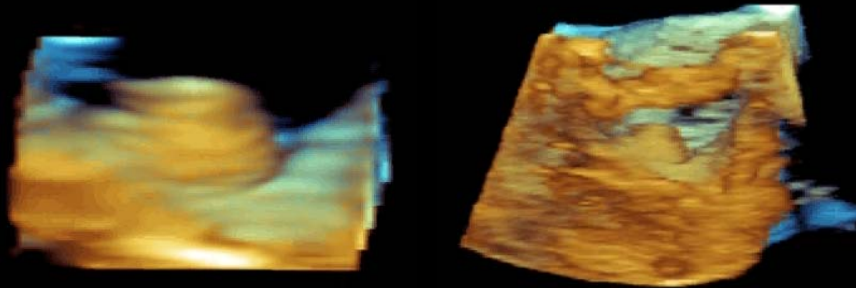
- a) Too zoomed
- b) Leaflet dropout
- c) Too bright
- d) Too smoothed

What is the Problem?



- a) **Too zoomed**
- b) Leaflet dropout
- c) Too bright
- d) Too smoothed

Solution: Larger acquisition box/less cropping

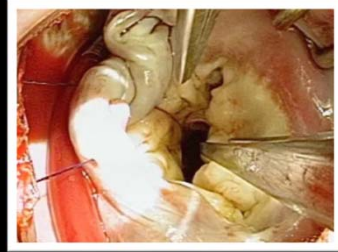


Acquire or Render and Crop

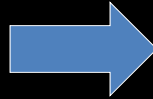
- Remember rendering and cropping can be adjusted after acquiring your 3D volume

Rendering

3D object



2D image



Gain
Compress
Vision
Smoothing
Brightness

Gain

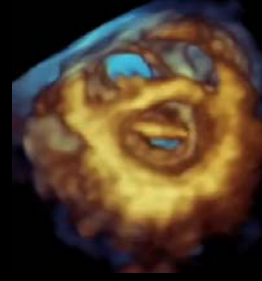
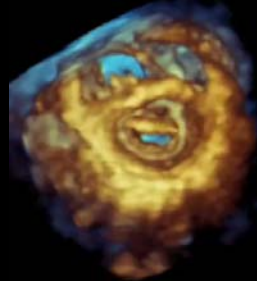
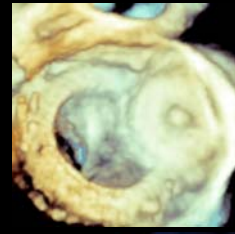
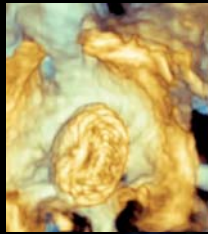
↑ "Snow"

↓ Drop-out

GE 4D Active Mode
• effects are opposite



Smoothing

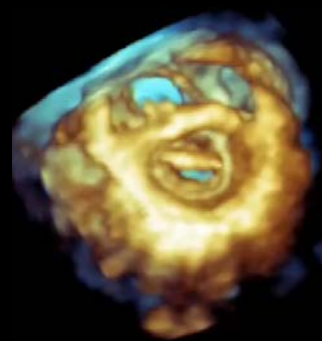


Decrease



Increase

Brightness



Decrease



Increase

GE Gamma

- affects only midtone values
- lower gamma brighter images
- Higher gamma darker image

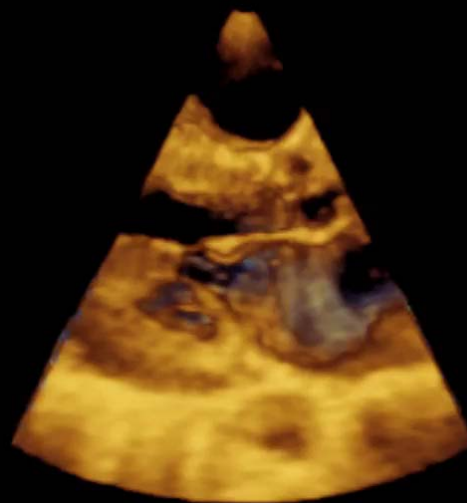
Colorization /Depth Color Maps

- Predefined Chroma maps which are colorized post-processing setting applied to the image data to highlight the data
- 1-8



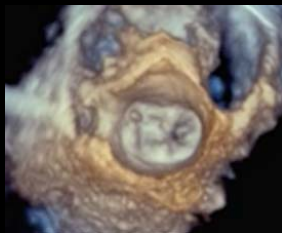
Vision/Volume Opt

- Menu of predefined combinations of contrast, transparency, lighting and compositing algorithms
- Affects the spatial filtering and depth of colorization seen
- Ranges from A - H

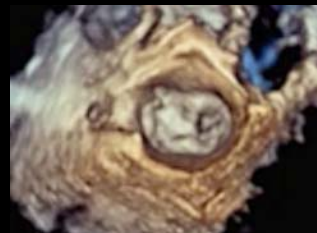


GE- UD Clarity

- edge preserving speckle and noise reduction filter that reduces speckle while preserving or even enhancing significant boundaries in the volume data
- Affects cut-planes and the 3D volume



Decrease
Smoother



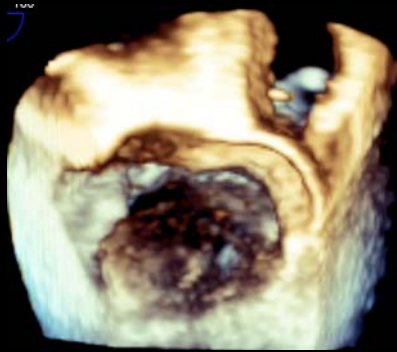
Increase
Less speckle noise

How Can You Fix This Problem?



- a) Look at the 2D images
- b) Adjust total gain
- c) Adjust TGCs
- d) All of the above

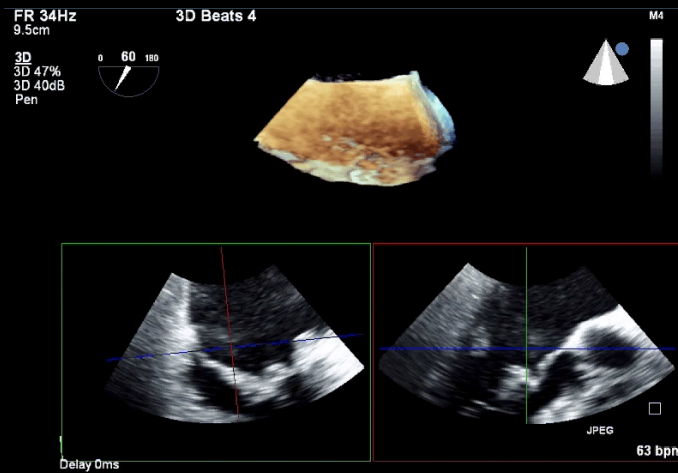
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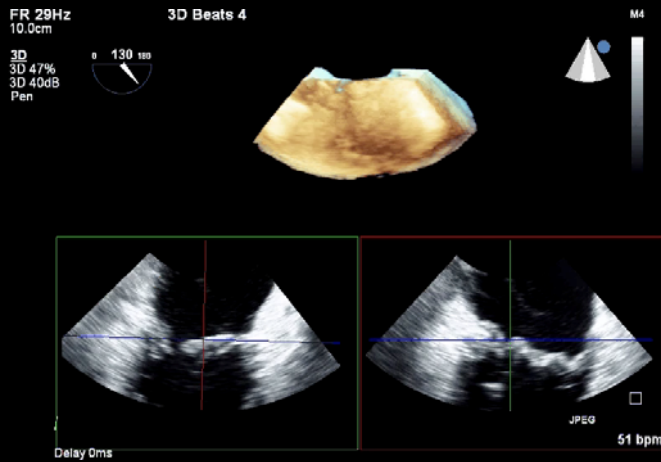
Solutions

- Check 2D image



Solutions

- Check 2D image



Solutions

Over



Under



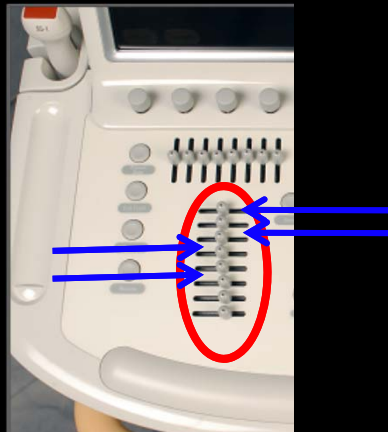
1. Overall gain

↑ "Snow"
↓ Drop-out

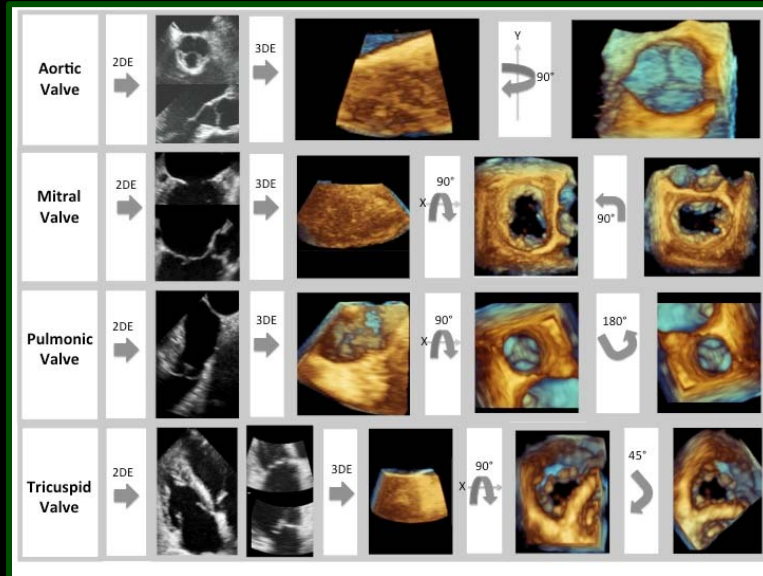


2. Regional gain

- Adjust TGCs



Acquisition & Presentation



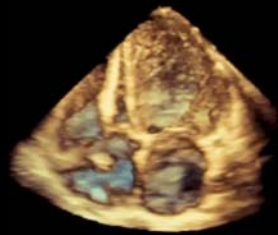
Lang, Badano et al. EAE/ASE 3D Guidelines JASE 2012

MV Valve: Acquisition and Display

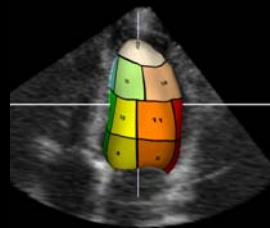
Ao Valve: Acquisition and Display

Display

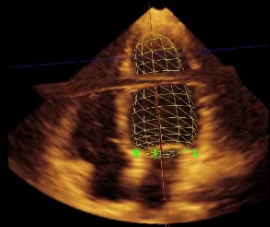
Volume Rendering



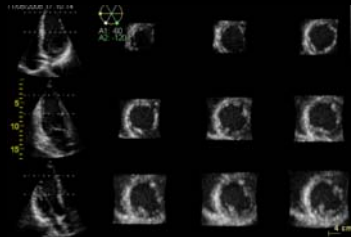
Surface Rendering

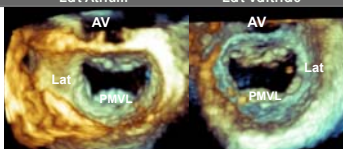
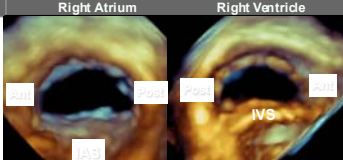
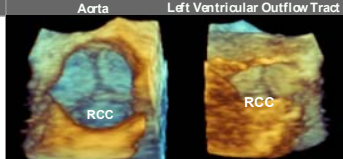
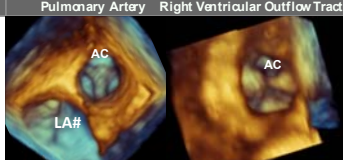


Wire-Frame



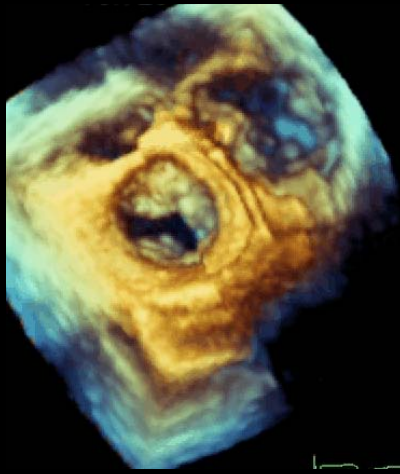
2D Tomographic Slices



<p>Mitral Valve</p> <p>Display the mitral valve with the aortic valve placed superiorly, regardless if the valve is oriented as viewed from the left atrium or the left ventricle.</p> <p>AV=aortic valve, Lat=lateral left ventricle, PMVL=posterior mitral valve leaflet</p>	<p>Left Atrium Left Ventricle</p> 	<p style="color: yellow; font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">Display</p> <p style="margin-top: 200px;">Lang, Badano et al. EAE/ASE 3D Guidelines JASE 2012.</p>
<p>Tricuspid Valve</p> <p>Display the tricuspid valve with the septum placed inferiorly in the six o'clock position, regardless if the valve is oriented as viewed from the right atrium or the right ventricle.</p> <p>Ant=anterior, Post=posterior, IAS=interatrial septum, IVS=interventricular septum</p>	<p>Right Atrium Right Ventricle</p> 	
<p>Aortic Valve</p> <p>Display the aortic valve with right coronary cusp located inferiorly at the six o'clock position, regardless if the valve is oriented as viewed from the aorta or the left ventricular outflow tract.</p> <p>RCC=right coronary cusp</p>	<p>Aorta Left Ventricular Outflow Tract</p> 	
<p>Pulmonic Valve</p> <p>Display the pulmonic valve with the anterior cusp at the 12 o'clock position, regardless if the valve is oriented as viewed from the pulmonary artery or the right ventricle outflow tract.</p> <p>AC=anterior cusp, LA=left atrium</p>	<p>Pulmonary Artery Right Ventricular Outflow Tract</p> 	

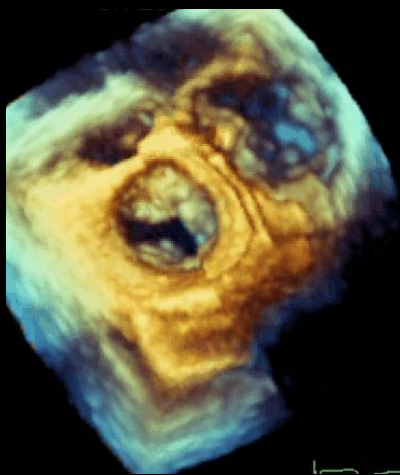


What is the Problem?



- a) Too bright
- b) Too zoomed
- c) Stitch artifact
- d) Nothing, it's perfect

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